FoodPharmacy[™] Patient Intake Form

*Practitioner Name:				Date:				
*Patient Name:								
Address:	City:	State	e:	Zip:				
Phone:	Email:	Gender: M	l F	DOB:				
* Indicates required data		(Gender and DOB require	red only	for Calorie Calculations)				
Measurements for Calorie Calculations (not recommended on first patient visit or for children & infants)								
	•	·						
	*Height (barefoot): *Weight (clothed): * Wrist (circumference of dominant hand at wrist folds): Current Health Factors							
*Activity Level (check onl	*Activity Level (check only one) Surgery (recent only – check only one)							
\square Sedentary (little or no ϵ	exercise, desk job or bed ridden)	☐ Minor						
☐ Light Activity (light exe	ercise – sports 1 to 3 days per week	☐ Major						
☐ Moderate Activity (moderate Activity)	lerate exercise – sports 3 to 5 days	per week) Infection (cur	rent – cł	neck only one)				
☐ Very Active (hard exerc	cise – sports 6 to 7 days per week)	☐ Mild						
☐ Extra Active (hard daily	exercise – sports and physical job) Moderate						
		☐ Severe						
Lean Body Mass or Perc	ent Body Fat (if known):	Trauma (curre						
				I (sprains, fractures, etc.)				
* indicates required data for	calorie calculations (all other data re	ecommended) 🗌 Pregnanc	y (Trime	ester: 1 2 3)				
ON	ILY MAKE SELECTION	S YOU ARE CERT	TAIN	OF				
Food Component Rea	actions	Toxins and Junk Fo	od					
☐ Amines	☐ Salicylates	Alcohol	☐ No	n-food Items (synthetics)				
☐ Citrus Fruits	☐ Shellfish	☐ Caffeine ☐ Pesticides (for organic diets)						
☐ Dairy (casein & lactose	e) 🗆 Soy	☐ Carcinogens & Toxins ☐ Refined sugars						
☐ Eggs	☐ Sulfites	☐ Fluoride/Chlorine	☐ Fluoride/Chlorine					
Glutamates	☐ Theobromine	☐ Harmful Fats	☐ Harmful Fats					
☐ Gluten & Gliadin	☐ Yeast	☐ Mercury Contaminated Foods						
Blood Type Allergens (use only if you wish to predict probable food allergies prior to actual testing) Circle patient's blood type: O A ₁ A ₂ B A ₁ B A ₂ B Rh negative								
Blood Type Lectin Reactions (use only if you understand the affect of lectin reactions) Circle patient's blood type: O A B AB								
Vegetarian Intolerances (check to remove from diet) Ethnic Intolerances								
☐ Red Meat	Dairy Foods	☐ Non-	☐ Non-Hindu Foods					
☐ Poultry ☐	Eggs and Egg Products	☐ Non-	☐ Non-Kosher Foods					
☐ Fish and Seafood		☐ Non-	\square Non-Muslim Foods					
•	Needing Support (check all							
☐ Adrenals	☐ Gallbladder	☐ Lungs		☐ Prostate				
Bladder	☐ Gums/Teeth	☐ Lymphatic		☐ Skin				
☐ Bones	☐ Hair/Scalp	☐ Male Reproductive O	_	☐ Spine				
☐ Brain/Nerves (CNS)	☐ Heart	☐ Mammary Glands/Bre	asts	\square Thymus				
☐ Bronchi	☐ Intestines (GI tract)	☐ Muscles		☐ Thyroid				
☐ Ears (hearing)	☐ Joints	☐ Nails		☐ Uterus				
☐ Eyes (vision)	☐ Kidneys	☐ Pancreas		☐ Veins/Arteries				
☐ Female Reproductive C	Organs ☐ Liver	☐ Pituitary Gland						

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Patient Name:	Date:		
Conditions and Con	nplaints		
	-	IES AND CIRCLE THE SING	LE WORST PROBLEM
☐ Acne (vulgaris)	☐ Depression	☐ Hyperthyroidism	☐ Obesity
☐ Adrenal Hyper-function	□ Dermatitis	☐ Hypochlorhydria	□ Osteoarthritis
☐ Adrenal Hypo-function	☐ Detoxification Support	☐ Hypoglycemia	□ Osteoporosis
☐ AIDS or HIV	☐ Diabetes (type I)	☐ Hypotension	☐ Pain (musculoskeletal)
□ Alcoholism	☐ Diabetes (type II)	☐ Hypothyroidism	□ Pancreatitis
☐ Alzheimer's Disease	☐ Diarrhea	☐ Idiopathic Thrombo. Purpura	□ Panic Disorder
☐ Amenorrhea	□ Diverticulosis		□ Parasthesia
☐ Anemia (macro & microcytic)	□ Drug Addiction	☐ Ileocecal Valve Dysfunction	□ Parkinson's Disease
□ Angina Pectoris	☐ Dry Eyes (Sjögren's synd.)	☐ Immune Deficiency	□ PCOS
□ Anxiety	□ Dry Skin	☐ Impotence (male)	☐ Peptic/Duodenal Ulcer
☐ Appetite Excessive	☐ Dysmenorrhea	☐ Incontinence	☐ Periodontal Disease
□ Appetite Reduced	☐ Dyspepsia (indigestion)	☐ Infection (bacterial)	☐ Phlebitis
☐ Arteriosclerosis	☐ Ear Infections	☐ Infection (parasitic)	□ Phobias
☐ Asthma	□ Eczema	☐ Infection (prostate)	☐ Pituitary Dysfunction
☐ Atherosclerosis	□ Edema	☐ Infection (respiratory)	☐ PMS (premenstrual syndrome)
☐ Attention Deficit Disorder	□ Emphysema	☐ Infection (sinus)	□ Pneumonia
☐ Autism	□ Endometriosis	☐ Infection (urinary)	□ Polycythemia (secondary)
☐ Bell's Palsy	☐ Enuresis (bed wetting)	☐ Infection (viral)	☐ Pregnancy (general support)
☐ Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia	☐ Epilepsy (seizure disorders)	☐ Infection (yeast/fungal)	☐ Pregnancy & Yeast Infection
☐ Biliary Insufficiency	☐ Epstein Barr Virus (EBV)	☐ Infertility (female)	☐ Psoriasis
☐ Biliary Stasis	□ Fever	☐ Infertility (male)	□ Purpura Simplex
☐ Bipolar Disorder	☐ Fibrocystic Breast Disease	☐ Inflammation (general)	□ Radiation Therapy Support
□ Bleeding Gums	☐ Fibromyalgia	☐ Inflammation (vascular)	☐ Raynaud's Disease
☐ Body Odor	☐ Flatulence	☐ Influenza (flu)	☐ Reduced Circulation
☐ Bone Spurs	□ Fractures	☐ Insomnia	☐ Rhinovirus (common cold)
□ Bradycardia	☐ Gallbladder Dysfunction	☐ Interstitial Cystitis	☐ Rheumatoid Arthritis
☐ Bronchitis	☐ Gallstones	☐ Irritable Bowel Syndrome	☐ Rhinovirus (common cold)
☐ Bruxism	□ GERD	☐ Joint Pain	☐ Schizophrenia
☐ Burning Feet	☐ Glaucoma	☐ Kidney Stones	□ Sciatica
☐ Burns (1st, 2nd, 3rd degree)	☐ Goiter	☐ Lactose Intolerance	□ Scleroderma
☐ Bursitis	□ Gout	☐ Liver-Colon Detoxification	□ Seborrhea
☐ Cancer (prevention)	☐ Grave's Disease	☐ Low Cholesterol (HDL)	☐ Sex Drive Diminished (female)
☐ Canker Sores	☐ Halitosis	☐ Lung Problems (non-specific)	☐ Sex Drive Diminished (male)
☐ Cardiac Arrhythmia	☐ Hashimoto's Disease	☐ Lupus	☐ Skin Rashes
☐ Cataracts	☐ Headaches (non-migraine)	☐ Lyme Disease	☐ Sperm Count Reduced
☐ Celiac Disease (sprue)	☐ Heal Spurs	☐ Macular Degeneration	☐ Stroke (recovery support)
☐ Chemotherapy Support	☐ Heavy Metal Toxicity	☐ Manic Depression	☐ Sulfite Allergy-Sensitivity
☐ Cervical Dysplasia	☐ Hemachromatosis	☐ Measles	☐ Surgery Support (pre & post)
☐ Chicken Pox	☐ Hemophilia	☐ Meniere's Disease	☐ Tachycardia
☐ Cholesterol Decreased (total)	☐ Hemorrhoids	☐ Menorrhagia	☐ Tendonitis
☐ Cholesterol Elevated (total)	☐ Hepatic Cirrhosis	☐ Menstrual Cramps	☐ Thrombophlebitis
☐ Chronic Fatigue Syndrome	☐ Hepatic Disease Support	☐ Metabolic Syndrome	☐ Tinea (ringworm)
☐ Colic (mother's & child's diet)	☐ Hepatitis	☐ Migraine Headache	☐ Tinnitus
☐ Congestive Heart Failure	☐ Herpes Simplex (HSV-1)	☐ Mitral Valve Prolapse	☐ Trigeminal Neuralgia
☐ Constipation	☐ Herpes Zoster (HSV-2)	☐ Mononucleosis	☐ Tuberculosis (TB)
□ COPD	☐ Hiatal Hernia	☐ Mucous (allergy related)	☐ Ulcerative Colitis
□ Copper toxicity	☐ High Cholesterol (LDL)	☐ Mucous (respiratory/sinus)	☐ Urticaria (hives)
☐ Coronary Artery Disease	☐ High Triglycerides	☐ Multiple Sclerosis (MS)	☐ Uterine Fibroids
☐ Crohn's Disease	☐ Homocysteine Elevated	☐ Mumps	☐ Varicose Veins
☐ Cystic Fibrosis	☐ Hot Flashes (menopausal)	☐ Muscular Dystrophy	□ Vertigo
☐ Cytomegalovirus (CMV)	☐ Hyperglycemia	☐ Myasthenia Gravis	☐ Vitiligo
□ Degenerative Joint Disease	☐ Hyperkinesis	□ Nausea	☐ Wilson's Syndrome
☐ Dental Caries (cavities)	☐ Hypertension	☐ Nausea (during pregnancy)	☐ Xerophthalmia

Ж		H	Patient Name: Date:				Omega 3 Fatty Acids (specific types)			
ZEA9	Alpha-linolenic (ALA						Alpha-linolenic (ALA)			
INCF	Patient Name: Date: Date: Date: Date:					Docosapentaenoic (DPA)				
▼	▼	▼	ONLY SELECT ITEMS	SYC	U A	ARE	CERTAIN ABOUT			Docosahexaenoic (DHA)
								Eicosapentaenoic (EPA)		
			Nutritional Options				Germanium (Ge)	Ome	ga 6	Fatty Acids (specific types)
			High protein foods				lodine (I)			Linoleic (LA)
			High carbohydrate foods				Iron (Fe)			Gamma-linolenic (GLA)
			High calorie foods				Magnesium (Mg)			Arachidonic (AA)
			High fiber foods				Manganese (Mn)	Ome	ga 9	Fatty Acids (specific types)
			High water content foods				Molybdenum (Mo)			Oleic
			Acid ash foods				Phosphorus (P)			Tetracosenoic
			Alkaline ash foods				Potassium (K)	Satur	ated	Fatty Acids (specific types)
Α	dvan	ced	Nutritional Options				Selenium (Se)			Lauric
			High glycemic load foods				Sodium (Na)			Myristic
			Medium glycemic load foods				Sulfur (S)			Palmitic
			High purine protein foods				Vanadium (V)			Stearic
			Medium purine protein foods				Zinc (Zn)			HERAPIES -
			Low purine protein foods				ACIDS -	Meta	bolic	: Type [®] (select only one)
			Oxalic acid containing foods	Ess	sent	ial			-	pathetic Dominant
			Phytic acid containing foods				Histidine	☐ Syr	npati	netic Dominant
			Thyroid suppressing foods				Isoleucine	☐ Bal	ance	d Dominant
			Phytoestrogenic foods				Leucine	☐ Fas	t Oxi	dation Dominant
			High fructose foods				Lysine			idation Dominant
			High ORAC foods				Methionine			ominant
	MICRONUTRIENTS -					Phenylalanine			Modifiers (select only one)	
Vi	tami	ns 8	Associated Nutrients				Threonine			bic imbalance (catabolic excess)
			Biotin				Tryptophan	_		oic imbalance (anabolic excess)
			Choline				Valine			e Type (select only one)
			Flavonoids	No	n-es	sen		_		(gonadal) Dominant
			Folates				Alanine			Dominant
			Inositol				Arginine			Dominant
			Lycopene				Aspartic acid		_	Dominant
			PABA				Cysteine	_		C Type (select only one)
			Provitamin A (retinol)				Glutamic acid	☐ Vat		
			Vitamin A (carotenoids)				Glycine		a-Pit	
			Vitamin B1 (thiamine)				Proline	_	a-Ka∣	pha
			Vitamin B2 (riboflavin)				Serine - ·	Pitt		
			Vitamin B3 (niacin)				Tyrosine		a-Va	
Vitamin B5 (pantothenic acid)			FATTY ACIDS -			☐ Pitta-Kapha				
			Vitamin B6 (pyridoxine)	Gei	iera		tty Acid Options		oha	lata
			Vitamin B12 (cobalamin)				High omega 3 foods		oha-V	
			Vitamin C (ascorbic acid)				High omega 6 foods		oha-F	
			Vitamin D (calciferol)				High management rated fats	ICIVI		d Qualities (multiple options) Sour foods
			Vitamin E (tocopherol)				High monounsaturated fats			
NA	inera		Vitamin K (pylloquinone)				High polyunsaturated fats			Bitter foods
IVI	_		Boron (B)				High saturated fats High total fat content foods			Sweet foods Pungent foods
			Calcium (Ca)				High cholesterol foods			Salty foods
			Chromium (Cr)				High phytosterol foods			Warming foods
			Copper (Cu)	Ш			riigii pirytosteroi ioous			Cooling foods
	<u> </u>		Copper (Ou)							Cooling roods
N	OTE	- S								